VIP Validation Report

Deployment: CI Connect 2026.09.0 + WB 2026.08.2+200.pro1 + PM 2026.09.0
Generated: 2026-09-09 20:05:02 UTC

Products Under Test

Product	URL	Version	Results
Connect	`http://localhost:3939`	2026.09.0	7 passed, 2 skipped (9 tests)
Workbench	`http://localhost:8787`	2026.08.2+200.pro1	1 passed, 1 failed (2 tests)
Package Manager	`http://localhost:4242`	2026.09.0	2 passed, 3 skipped (5 tests)

Summary

Total	25
Passed	18
Failed	2
Skipped	5
Status	**FAIL**

Provenance

VIP version	2026.9.0
Run duration	40.9s
Python	3.14.7
Platform	Linux-6.17.0-1022-azure-x86_64-with-glibc2.39
Mode	full
Exit status	1 (tests were collected and run, but some failed)

Failures & Skips

Every check that did not pass, in full. Passing checks are counted above, and every check appears in Detailed Results below.

Failed (2)

FAIL **User can log in to Workbench via the web UI** Workbench

`src/vip_tests/workbench/test_auth.py::test_workbench_login[chromium]  4.99s`

Test procedure

```
› Given Workbench is accessible at the configured URL
› When a user navigates to the Workbench login page and enters valid credentials
› Then the Workbench homepage is displayed
› And the current user element is visible and non-empty in the header
```

test_workbench_login[chromium]: Login failed: Error: Temporary server error, please try again

```
fixturefunc = <function navigate_and_login at 0x7f028c8bd4e0>
request = <FixtureRequest for <Function test_workbench_login[chromium]>>
kwargs = {'page': <Page url='http://localhost:8787/auth-sign-in?appUri=%2F&error=2'>,
    'workbench_url': 'http://localhost:8787', 'test_username': 'testuser', 'test_password':
    'J0YySapaDebmunlD', ...}
```

```
    def call_fixture_func(
        fixturefunc: _FixtureFunc[FixtureValue], request: FixtureRequest, kwargs
    ) -> FixtureValue:
        if inspect.isgeneratorfunction(fixturefunc):
            fixturefunc = cast(Callable[..., Generator[FixtureValue]], fixturefunc)
            generator = fixturefunc(**kwargs)
            try:
                fixture_result = next(generator)
            except StopIteration:
                raise ValueError(f"{request.fixturename} did not yield a value") from None
            finalizer = functools.partial(_teardown_yield_fixture, fixturefunc, generator)
            request.addfinalizer(finalizer)
        else:
            fixturefunc = cast(Callable[..., FixtureValue], fixturefunc)
>           fixture_result = fixturefunc(**kwargs)
                             ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

.venv/lib/python3.14/site-packages/_pytest/fixtures.py:1005:
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
src/vip_tests/workbench/test_auth.py:114: in navigate_and_login
    workbench_login(
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

page = <Page url='http://localhost:8787/auth-sign-in?appUri=%2F&error=2'>
workbench_url = 'http://localhost:8787', username = 'testuser'
password = 'J0YySapaDebmunlD', auth_provider = 'password'
interactive_auth = False, auth_mode = 'none', workbench_auth_error = None
max_retries = 3, retry_delay = 2.0

    def workbench_login(
        page: Page,
        workbench_url: str,
        username: str,
        password: str,
        auth_provider: str = "password",
        interactive_auth: bool = False,
        *,
        auth_mode: str = "none",
        workbench_auth_error: str | None = None,
        max_retries: int = 3,
        retry_delay: float = 2.0,
    ) -> None:
        """Navigate to Workbench homepage, logging in only if required.

        This function:
        - Navigates directly to Workbench's URL
        - Handles OIDC/SSO via pre-loaded storage state (--interactive-auth / --headless-auth)
        - Only fills login form for password auth
        - Retries on transient server errors (e.g., too many logins)

        Args:
            page: Playwright page object
            workbench_url: Base URL for Workbench (e.g., http://localhost:8787)
            username: Login username
            password: Login password
            auth_provider: Auth type (e.g., "password", "oidc", "saml")
            interactive_auth: True when an auth session is pre-loaded (either
                --interactive-auth or --headless-auth)
            auth_mode: Active auth mode ("interactive", "headless", or "none"),
                used to name the responsible CLI flag in skip messages
            workbench_auth_error: Reason the pre-test auth flow could not
                establish a Workbench session, if known.  Quoted in the skip
                message so users see the real cause instead of a guess.
            max_retries: Max login attempts on transient errors (default 3)
            retry_delay: Seconds to wait between retries (default 2.0)

        Raises:
            pytest.skip: For non-password auth without a pre-loaded auth session,
                or when the session's storage state doesn't cover Workbench
```

```
        AssertionError: When password login fails after retries
    """
    homepage_logo = page.locator(Homepage.POSIT_LOGO)

    # For non-password auth without a pre-loaded auth session, skip immediately
    if auth_provider != "password" and not interactive_auth:
        pytest.skip(
            f"Login form not available for auth provider {auth_provider!r}. "
            "Pass --interactive-auth or --headless-auth to pre-load browser storage state."
        )

    page.goto(workbench_url)
    page.wait_for_load_state("load")

    # Fast path: already logged in (common with interactive_auth)?
    if homepage_logo.is_visible():
        return

    # A valid session cookie can redirect straight into a running session's IDE
    # view instead of the homepage -- that view has none of Homepage's chrome, so
    # the check above misses it and the login-page probe below also misses it
    # (it's neither a login page nor the homepage). Same case test_sessions.py
    # handles when navigating back from a session: go to /home explicitly.
    if "/s/" in page.url:
        page.goto(f"{workbench_url}/home")
        page.wait_for_load_state("load")
        if homepage_logo.is_visible():
            return

    # Check if we landed on a login/IdP page
    if _on_login_page(page.url):
        # The sign-in page renders client-side after ``load``; wait once for
        # either the password form's username field or an OIDC "Sign in with ..."
        # button to appear before deciding which flow applies. A short fixed wait
        # on only the SSO button races the render and can misread a slow OIDC
        # sign-in page (e.g. an ``?error=2`` bounce) as a password deployment --
        # which then fails the retry loop with "Login failed after 3 attempts"
        # instead of skipping. Waiting for either control settles that race
        # without penalising real password deployments (the username field
        # appears promptly there).
        try:
            page.locator(f"{LoginPage.USERNAME}, button:has-text('Sign
                in')").first.wait_for(
                state="visible", timeout=TIMEOUT_PAGE_LOAD
            )
        except Exception:
            pass

        # An OIDC sign-in page shows a "Sign in with ..." button and no username
        # field. The "sign in" role-name also matches a password form's submit
        # button, so the *absence* of the username field is what distinguishes a
        # true SSO-only page from a password form.
        sso_button = page.get_by_role("button", name=re.compile(r"sign in",
            re.IGNORECASE)).first
        sso_button_present = sso_button.is_visible()
        # A deployment can also skip its own sign-in page entirely and redirect
        # straight to the IdP, whose markup matches neither probe above (see
        # _external_idp_host). Landing off the Workbench origin is conclusive on
        # its own: no Workbench password form is reachable from there.
        idp_host = _external_idp_host(page.url, workbench_url)
        sso_only = idp_host is not None or (
            sso_button_present and not page.locator(LoginPage.USERNAME).is_visible()
        )

        if interactive_auth and sso_only:
            # Storage state was pre-loaded by --interactive-auth / --headless-auth.
            # Workbench's SSO sign-in page does not auto-redirect to the IdP; it renders a
            # "Sign in with OpenID" button. Clicking it triggers a silent SSO round-trip
            # using the saved IdP cookies. The round-trip is serialized across xdist
```

```
            # workers (see _silent_sso_signin / oidc_login_lock) to avoid storming the
            # shared IdP session (#484/#467).  When the deployment redirected us
            # off-origin instead there is no such button to click, so go straight
            # to the skip -- clicking a locator that resolves to nothing would
            # raise a Playwright error in place of an actionable skip.
            if sso_button_present and _silent_sso_signin(sso_button, homepage_logo,
                workbench_url):
                return  # Silent SSO succeeded
            # No usable IdP session (expired, or storage state was stripped for the
            # password-login test) — skip gracefully.  Recompute the IdP host: the
            # click above can navigate off-origin before timing out, so where we
            # ended up is only knowable now, not before the attempt.
            _skip_workbench_session_unproven(
                auth_mode=auth_mode,
                workbench_auth_error=workbench_auth_error,
                landed_url=page.url,
                idp_host=_external_idp_host(page.url, workbench_url),
            )

        if auth_provider != "password":
            _skip_workbench_session_unproven(
                auth_mode=auth_mode,
                workbench_auth_error=workbench_auth_error,
                landed_url=page.url,
                idp_host=_external_idp_host(page.url, workbench_url),
            )
        # Even when auth_provider is reported as "password", the deployment may
        # actually present an SSO/OIDC sign-in page (a "Sign in with ..." button
        # and no username field) — e.g. auth_provider defaulted to "password" on
        # a config-less run against an OIDC deployment.  The password login form
        # is unavailable there, so skip rather than fail the retry loop.
        if sso_only:
            where = (
                f"redirects sign-in to the identity provider at {idp_host}"
                if idp_host
                else "presents an SSO/OIDC sign-in page instead (no username/password
                    fields)"
            )
            pytest.skip(
                "This scenario requires a Workbench password-login form, but the "
                f"deployment {where}. Password login cannot be exercised on an SSO "
                "deployment, so this scenario is skipped."
            )
        # Password auth - proceed with form login below
    else:
        # Not on homepage, not on login page - unexpected state
        # Give it one more check in case page is still loading
        try:
            homepage_logo.wait_for(state="visible", timeout=TIMEOUT_QUICK)
            return
        except Exception:
            pass

    # Password authentication with retry logic
    login_form = page.locator(LoginPage.USERNAME)
    error_panel = page.locator(LoginPage.ERROR_PANEL)

    for attempt in range(max_retries):
        if attempt > 0:
            time.sleep(retry_delay)
            page.goto(workbench_url)

        # Fast path check on retry
        if homepage_logo.is_visible():
            return

        # Wait for login form to be ready
        try:
            login_form.wait_for(state="visible", timeout=TIMEOUT_QUICK)
```

```
            except Exception:
                continue

            # Fill and submit
            page.fill(LoginPage.USERNAME, username)
            page.fill(LoginPage.PASSWORD, password)

            stay_signed_in = page.locator(LoginPage.STAY_SIGNED_IN)
            if stay_signed_in.is_visible() and not stay_signed_in.is_checked():
                stay_signed_in.click()

            page.click(LoginPage.BUTTON)

            # Wait for either homepage (success) or error panel (failure)
            homepage_or_error = homepage_logo.or_(error_panel)
            try:
                homepage_or_error.wait_for(state="visible", timeout=TIMEOUT_PAGE_LOAD)
            except Exception:
                if attempt == max_retries - 1:
                    raise AssertionError(f"Login failed after {max_retries} attempts: no
                        response")
                continue

            # Check which one appeared
            if homepage_logo.is_visible():
                return  # Success!

            # Error appeared - extract message and maybe retry
            if attempt == max_retries - 1:
                error_text = page.locator(LoginPage.ERROR_TEXT).text_content()
>               raise AssertionError(f"Login failed: {error_text or 'Unknown error'}")
E               AssertionError: Login failed: Error: Temporary server error, please try again

src/vip_tests/workbench/conftest.py:1026: AssertionError
```

Likely causes:
- Incorrect test credentials in vip.toml or VIP_TEST_USERNAME/VIP_TEST_PASSWORD
- Auth provider misconfiguration (SAML, OIDC, LDAP, PAM)
- Workbench login page markup changed or is unreachable

Suggested next steps:
1. Verify credentials work by logging in manually at the Workbench URL
2. Check the auth provider configuration in rserver.conf / auth-pam or auth-saml settings
3. If using an external IdP, try `--interactive-auth` or `--headless-auth` instead of a password test

Documentation: https://docs.posit.co/ide/server-pro/authenticating_users/authenticating_users.html

FAIL **This check intentionally fails to demonstrate failure rendering** Prerequisites

As someone evaluating a VIP report

`src/vip_tests/prerequisites/test_expected_failure.py::test_intentional_failure  0.00s`

Test procedure

```
› Given a check that is written to fail on purpose
› When the check runs as part of this example report
› Then it fails by design, not because anything is actually broken
```

test_intentional_failure: This failure is intentional: it exists only to show how a failed check renders in this example report. No product configuration will resolve it.

assert 'fail (by design)' == 'pass'

- pass

+ fail (by design)

```
fixturefunc = <function check_fails_by_design at 0x7f028c9ee820>
request = <FixtureRequest for <Function test_intentional_failure>>
kwargs = {'demo_outcome': {'expected': 'pass', 'actual': 'fail (by design)'}}

    def call_fixture_func(
```

```
        fixturefunc: _FixtureFunc[FixtureValue], request: FixtureRequest, kwargs
    ) -> FixtureValue:
        if inspect.isgeneratorfunction(fixturefunc):
            fixturefunc = cast(Callable[..., Generator[FixtureValue]], fixturefunc)
            generator = fixturefunc(**kwargs)
            try:
                fixture_result = next(generator)
            except StopIteration:
                raise ValueError(f"{request.fixturename} did not yield a value") from None
            finalizer = functools.partial(_teardown_yield_fixture, fixturefunc, generator)
            request.addfinalizer(finalizer)
        else:
            fixturefunc = cast(Callable[..., FixtureValue], fixturefunc)
>           fixture_result = fixturefunc(**kwargs)
                             ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

.venv/lib/python3.14/site-packages/_pytest/fixtures.py:1005:
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

demo_outcome = {'expected': 'pass', 'actual': 'fail (by design)'}

    @then("it fails by design, not because anything is actually broken")
    def check_fails_by_design(demo_outcome):
>       assert demo_outcome["actual"] == demo_outcome["expected"], (
            "This failure is intentional: it exists only to show how a failed check "
            "renders in this example report. No product configuration will resolve it."
        )
E       AssertionError: This failure is intentional: it exists only to show how a failed check
    renders in this example report. No product configuration will resolve it.
E       assert 'fail (by design)' == 'pass'
E
E         - pass
E         + fail (by design)

src/vip_tests/prerequisites/test_expected_failure.py:49: AssertionError
```

Likely causes:
- This check is designed to always fail, so the example report has a failure card to show
- No product or configuration problem is involved

Suggested next steps:
1. No action needed. This failure is intentional and does not indicate a real problem
2. It only runs when VIP_ENABLE_EXPECTED_FAILURE_DEMO=1 is set

Documentation: https://github.com/posit-dev/vip/issues/73

Skipped (5)

SKIP **Expected R versions are available on Connect** Connect

No expected R versions specified in vip.toml [runtimes]

src/vip_tests/connect/test_runtime_versions.py::test_r_versions 0.20s

Test procedure

```
› Given Connect is accessible at the configured URL
› And expected R versions are specified in vip.toml
› When I query Connect for available R versions
› Then all expected R versions are present
```

SKIP **Expected Python versions are available on Connect** Connect

No expected Python versions specified in vip.toml [runtimes]

src/vip_tests/connect/test_runtime_versions.py::test_python_versions 0.20s

Test procedure

```
› Given Connect is accessible at the configured URL
› And expected Python versions are specified in vip.toml
› When I query Connect for available Python versions
› Then all expected Python versions are present
```

SKIP **PyPI mirror is accessible** Package Manager

PyPI package 'requests' not available in any of ['pypi-all'] — repo may not be synced yet

src/vip_tests/package_manager/test_repos.py::test_pypi_mirror 0.01s

Test procedure

```
› Given Package Manager is running
› When I query the PyPI repository for the "requests" package
› Then the package is found in the repository
```

SKIP **Bioconductor mirror is accessible** Package Manager

No Bioconductor repository configured in Package Manager

src/vip_tests/package_manager/test_repos.py::test_bioconductor_mirror 0.01s

Test procedure

```
› Given Package Manager is running
› When I query the Bioconductor repository for the "BiocGenerics" package
› Then the package is found in the repository
```

SKIP **OpenVSX mirror is accessible** Package Manager

No OpenVSX repository configured in Package Manager

src/vip_tests/package_manager/test_repos.py::test_openvsx_mirror 0.02s

Test procedure

```
› Given Package Manager is running
› When I query the OpenVSX repository for the "golang.Go" extension
› Then the package is found in the repository
```

Detailed Results

Connect

9 tests — 7 passed, 2 skipped

PASS **User can log in via the web UI** Connect

src/vip_tests/connect/test_auth.py::test_connect_login_ui 1.55s

Test procedure

› Given Connect is accessible at the configured URL
› When a user navigates to the Connect login page
› And enters valid credentials
› Then the user is successfully authenticated
› And the Connect dashboard is displayed

PASS **API key authentication works** Connect

src/vip_tests/connect/test_auth.py::test_connect_login_api 0.40s

Test procedure

› Given Connect is accessible at the configured URL
› And a valid API key is configured
› When I request the current user via the API
› Then the API returns user information

PASS **Admin user exists and has admin privileges** Connect

src/vip_tests/connect/test_users.py::test_admin_user 0.40s

Test procedure

› Given Connect is accessible at the configured URL
› When I retrieve the current user profile
› Then the user has admin privileges

PASS **Users can be listed** Connect

src/vip_tests/connect/test_users.py::test_list_users 0.40s

Test procedure

› Given Connect is accessible at the configured URL
› When I list all users
› Then the user list is not empty
› And the test user exists in the user list

PASS **Groups can be listed** Connect

src/vip_tests/connect/test_users.py::test_list_groups 0.40s

Test procedure

› Given Connect is accessible at the configured URL
› When I list all groups
› Then the response is successful

SKIP **Expected R versions are available on Connect** Connect

No expected R versions specified in vip.toml [runtimes]

src/vip_tests/connect/test_runtime_versions.py::test_r_versions 0.20s

Test procedure

› Given Connect is accessible at the configured URL
› And expected R versions are specified in vip.toml
› When I query Connect for available R versions
› Then all expected R versions are present

SKIP **Expected Python versions are available on Connect** Connect

No expected Python versions specified in vip.toml [runtimes]

src/vip_tests/connect/test_runtime_versions.py::test_python_versions 0.20s

Test procedure

› Given Connect is accessible at the configured URL
› And expected Python versions are specified in vip.toml
› When I query Connect for available Python versions
› Then all expected Python versions are present

PASS **Expected Quarto versions are available** Connect

src/vip_tests/connect/test_runtime_versions.py::test_quarto_versions 0.40s

Test procedure
› Given Connect is accessible at the configured URL
› When I query Connect for available Quarto versions
› Then at least one Quarto version is available

PASS **Connect system checks can be run and the report downloaded** Connect
src/vip_tests/connect/test_system_checks.py::test_connect_system_checks 29.61s

Test procedure
› Given Connect is accessible at the configured URL
› And a valid API key is configured
› When I trigger a new system check run via the Connect API
› Then the system check report is returned
› And I can download the system check report artifact

Package Manager

5 tests — 2 passed, 3 skipped

PASS **CRAN mirror is accessible** Package Manager
src/vip_tests/package_manager/test_repos.py::test_cran_mirror 1.44s

Test procedure
› Given Package Manager is running
› When I query the CRAN repository for the "Matrix" package
› Then the package is found in the repository

SKIP **PyPI mirror is accessible** Package Manager
PyPI package 'requests' not available in any of ['pypi-all'] — repo may not be synced yet
src/vip_tests/package_manager/test_repos.py::test_pypi_mirror 0.01s

Test procedure
› Given Package Manager is running
› When I query the PyPI repository for the "requests" package
› Then the package is found in the repository

SKIP **Bioconductor mirror is accessible** Package Manager
No Bioconductor repository configured in Package Manager
src/vip_tests/package_manager/test_repos.py::test_bioconductor_mirror 0.01s

Test procedure
› Given Package Manager is running
› When I query the Bioconductor repository for the "BiocGenerics" package
› Then the package is found in the repository

SKIP **OpenVSX mirror is accessible** Package Manager
No OpenVSX repository configured in Package Manager
src/vip_tests/package_manager/test_repos.py::test_openvsx_mirror 0.02s

Test procedure
› Given Package Manager is running
› When I query the OpenVSX repository for the "golang.Go" extension
› Then the package is found in the repository

PASS **At least one repository is configured** Package Manager
src/vip_tests/package_manager/test_repos.py::test_repo_exists 0.01s

Test procedure
› Given Package Manager is running
› When I list all repositories
› Then at least one repository exists

Prerequisites
6 tests — 5 passed, 1 failed

PASS **Connect server is reachable** Prerequisites
`src/vip_tests/prerequisites/test_components.py::test_product_server_is_reachable[Connect]  0.01s`

Test procedure
› Given <product> is configured in vip.toml
› When I request the <product> health endpoint
› Then the server responds with a successful status code

PASS **Package Manager server is reachable** Prerequisites
`src/vip_tests/prerequisites/test_components.py::test_product_server_is_reachable[Package Manager]  0.02s`

Test procedure
› Given <product> is configured in vip.toml
› When I request the <product> health endpoint
› Then the server responds with a successful status code

FAIL **This check intentionally fails to demonstrate failure rendering** Prerequisites
As someone evaluating a VIP report
`src/vip_tests/prerequisites/test_expected_failure.py::test_intentional_failure  0.00s`

Test procedure
› Given a check that is written to fail on purpose
› When the check runs as part of this example report
› Then it fails by design, not because anything is actually broken

test_intentional_failure: This failure is intentional: it exists only to show how a failed check renders in this example report. No product configuration will resolve it.
assert 'fail (by design)' == 'pass'
- pass
+ fail (by design)

```
fixturefunc = <function check_fails_by_design at 0x7f028c9ee820>
request = <FixtureRequest for <Function test_intentional_failure>>
kwargs = {'demo_outcome': {'expected': 'pass', 'actual': 'fail (by design)'}}

    def call_fixture_func(
        fixturefunc: _FixtureFunc[FixtureValue], request: FixtureRequest, kwargs
    ) -> FixtureValue:
        if inspect.isgeneratorfunction(fixturefunc):
            fixturefunc = cast(Callable[..., Generator[FixtureValue]], fixturefunc)
            generator = fixturefunc(**kwargs)
            try:
                fixture_result = next(generator)
            except StopIteration:
                raise ValueError(f"{request.fixturename} did not yield a value") from None
            finalizer = functools.partial(_teardown_yield_fixture, fixturefunc, generator)
            request.addfinalizer(finalizer)
        else:
            fixturefunc = cast(Callable[..., FixtureValue], fixturefunc)
>           fixture_result = fixturefunc(**kwargs)
                             ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

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_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

demo_outcome = {'expected': 'pass', 'actual': 'fail (by design)'}

    @then("it fails by design, not because anything is actually broken")
    def check_fails_by_design(demo_outcome):
>       assert demo_outcome["actual"] == demo_outcome["expected"], (
            "This failure is intentional: it exists only to show how a failed check "
            "renders in this example report. No product configuration will resolve it."
        )
E       AssertionError: This failure is intentional: it exists only to show how a failed check
    renders in this example report. No product configuration will resolve it.
E       assert 'fail (by design)' == 'pass'
E
```

```
E         - pass
E         + fail (by design)

src/vip_tests/prerequisites/test_expected_failure.py:49: AssertionError
```

Likely causes:
- This check is designed to always fail, so the example report has a failure card to show
- No product or configuration problem is involved

Suggested next steps:
1. No action needed. This failure is intentional and does not indicate a real problem
2. It only runs when VIP_ENABLE_EXPECTED_FAILURE_DEMO=1 is set

Documentation: https://github.com/posit-dev/vip/issues/73

PASS **Connect version matches configuration** Prerequisites

src/vip_tests/prerequisites/test_versions.py::test_connect_version 0.20s

Test procedure
```
› Given Connect is configured in vip.toml with a version expectation
› When I fetch the Connect server version
› Then the Connect version matches the configured value
```

PASS **Package Manager version matches configuration** Prerequisites

src/vip_tests/prerequisites/test_versions.py::test_package_manager_version 0.02s

Test procedure
```
› Given Package Manager is configured in vip.toml with a version expectation
› When I fetch the Package Manager server version
› Then the Package Manager version matches the configured value
```

PASS **Workbench server is reachable** Prerequisites

src/vip_tests/prerequisites/test_components.py::test_product_server_is_reachable[Workbench] 0.12s

Test procedure
```
› Given <product> is configured in vip.toml
› When I request the <product> health endpoint
› Then the server responds with a successful status code
```

Security

3 tests — 3 passed

PASS **Invalid API key returns 401** Security

src/vip_tests/security/test_error_handling.py::test_invalid_api_key_returns_401 3.95s

Test procedure
```
› Given Connect is configured in vip.toml
› When I make an API request to Connect with an invalid key
› Then the response status is 401
```

PASS **Non-existent endpoint returns 404** Security

src/vip_tests/security/test_error_handling.py::test_nonexistent_endpoint_returns_404 0.02s

Test procedure
```
› Given Connect is configured in vip.toml
› When I request a non-existent endpoint on Connect
› Then the response status is 404
```

PASS **Unauthenticated API request returns 401** Security

src/vip_tests/security/test_error_handling.py::test_unauthenticated_api_request_returns_401 0.01s

Test procedure
```
› Given Connect is configured in vip.toml
› When I make an unauthenticated API request to Connect
› Then the response status is 401
```

Workbench

2 tests — 1 passed, 1 failed

PASS **User can sign out of Workbench** Workbench

src/vip_tests/workbench/test_auth.py::test_workbench_signout[chromium] 0.77s

Test procedure

› Given Workbench is accessible and I am logged in
› When I sign out of Workbench
› Then I am redirected to the Workbench login page

FAIL **User can log in to Workbench via the web UI** Workbench

src/vip_tests/workbench/test_auth.py::test_workbench_login[chromium] 4.99s

Test procedure

› Given Workbench is accessible at the configured URL
› When a user navigates to the Workbench login page and enters valid credentials
› Then the Workbench homepage is displayed
› And the current user element is visible and non-empty in the header

test_workbench_login[chromium]: Login failed: Error: Temporary server error, please try again

```
fixturefunc = <function navigate_and_login at 0x7f028c8bd4e0>
request = <FixtureRequest for <Function test_workbench_login[chromium]>>
kwargs = {'page': <Page url='http://localhost:8787/auth-sign-in?appUri=%2F&error=2'>,
    'workbench_url': 'http://localhost:8787', 'test_username': 'testuser', 'test_password':
    'J0YySapaDebmunlD', ...}

    def call_fixture_func(
        fixturefunc: _FixtureFunc[FixtureValue], request: FixtureRequest, kwargs
    ) -> FixtureValue:
        if inspect.isgeneratorfunction(fixturefunc):
            fixturefunc = cast(Callable[..., Generator[FixtureValue]], fixturefunc)
            generator = fixturefunc(**kwargs)
            try:
                fixture_result = next(generator)
            except StopIteration:
                raise ValueError(f"{request.fixturename} did not yield a value") from None
            finalizer = functools.partial(_teardown_yield_fixture, fixturefunc, generator)
            request.addfinalizer(finalizer)
        else:
            fixturefunc = cast(Callable[..., FixtureValue], fixturefunc)
>           fixture_result = fixturefunc(**kwargs)
                             ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

.venv/lib/python3.14/site-packages/_pytest/fixtures.py:1005:
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
src/vip_tests/workbench/test_auth.py:114: in navigate_and_login
    workbench_login(
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

page = <Page url='http://localhost:8787/auth-sign-in?appUri=%2F&error=2'>
workbench_url = 'http://localhost:8787', username = 'testuser'
password = 'J0YySapaDebmunlD', auth_provider = 'password'
interactive_auth = False, auth_mode = 'none', workbench_auth_error = None
max_retries = 3, retry_delay = 2.0

    def workbench_login(
        page: Page,
        workbench_url: str,
        username: str,
        password: str,
        auth_provider: str = "password",
        interactive_auth: bool = False,
        *,
        auth_mode: str = "none",
        workbench_auth_error: str | None = None,
        max_retries: int = 3,
        retry_delay: float = 2.0,
    ) -> None:
        """Navigate to Workbench homepage, logging in only if required.
```

```
        This function:
        - Navigates directly to Workbench's URL
        - Handles OIDC/SSO via pre-loaded storage state (--interactive-auth / --headless-auth)
        - Only fills login form for password auth
        - Retries on transient server errors (e.g., too many logins)

        Args:
            page: Playwright page object
            workbench_url: Base URL for Workbench (e.g., http://localhost:8787)
            username: Login username
            password: Login password
            auth_provider: Auth type (e.g., "password", "oidc", "saml")
            interactive_auth: True when an auth session is pre-loaded (either
                --interactive-auth or --headless-auth)
            auth_mode: Active auth mode ("interactive", "headless", or "none"),
                used to name the responsible CLI flag in skip messages
            workbench_auth_error: Reason the pre-test auth flow could not
                establish a Workbench session, if known.  Quoted in the skip
                message so users see the real cause instead of a guess.
            max_retries: Max login attempts on transient errors (default 3)
            retry_delay: Seconds to wait between retries (default 2.0)

        Raises:
            pytest.skip: For non-password auth without a pre-loaded auth session,
                or when the session's storage state doesn't cover Workbench
            AssertionError: When password login fails after retries
        """
        homepage_logo = page.locator(Homepage.POSIT_LOGO)

        # For non-password auth without a pre-loaded auth session, skip immediately
        if auth_provider != "password" and not interactive_auth:
            pytest.skip(
                f"Login form not available for auth provider {auth_provider!r}. "
                "Pass --interactive-auth or --headless-auth to pre-load browser storage state."
            )

        page.goto(workbench_url)
        page.wait_for_load_state("load")

        # Fast path: already logged in (common with interactive_auth)?
        if homepage_logo.is_visible():
            return

        # A valid session cookie can redirect straight into a running session's IDE
        # view instead of the homepage -- that view has none of Homepage's chrome, so
        # the check above misses it and the login-page probe below also misses it
        # (it's neither a login page nor the homepage). Same case test_sessions.py
        # handles when navigating back from a session: go to /home explicitly.
        if "/s/" in page.url:
            page.goto(f"{workbench_url}/home")
            page.wait_for_load_state("load")
            if homepage_logo.is_visible():
                return

        # Check if we landed on a login/IdP page
        if _on_login_page(page.url):
            # The sign-in page renders client-side after ``load``; wait once for
            # either the password form's username field or an OIDC "Sign in with ..."
            # button to appear before deciding which flow applies. A short fixed wait
            # on only the SSO button races the render and can misread a slow OIDC
            # sign-in page (e.g. an ``?error=2`` bounce) as a password deployment --
            # which then fails the retry loop with "Login failed after 3 attempts"
            # instead of skipping. Waiting for either control settles that race
            # without penalising real password deployments (the username field
            # appears promptly there).
            try:
                page.locator(f"{LoginPage.USERNAME}, button:has-text('Sign
                    in')").first.wait_for(
                    state="visible", timeout=TIMEOUT_PAGE_LOAD
```

```
            )
        except Exception:
            pass

        # An OIDC sign-in page shows a "Sign in with ..." button and no username
        # field. The "sign in" role-name also matches a password form's submit
        # button, so the *absence* of the username field is what distinguishes a
        # true SSO-only page from a password form.
        sso_button = page.get_by_role("button", name=re.compile(r"sign in",
            re.IGNORECASE)).first
        sso_button_present = sso_button.is_visible()
        # A deployment can also skip its own sign-in page entirely and redirect
        # straight to the IdP, whose markup matches neither probe above (see
        # _external_idp_host). Landing off the Workbench origin is conclusive on
        # its own: no Workbench password form is reachable from there.
        idp_host = _external_idp_host(page.url, workbench_url)
        sso_only = idp_host is not None or (
            sso_button_present and not page.locator(LoginPage.USERNAME).is_visible()
        )

        if interactive_auth and sso_only:
            # Storage state was pre-loaded by --interactive-auth / --headless-auth.
            # Workbench's SSO sign-in page does not auto-redirect to the IdP; it renders a
            # "Sign in with OpenID" button. Clicking it triggers a silent SSO round-trip
            # using the saved IdP cookies. The round-trip is serialized across xdist
            # workers (see _silent_sso_signin / oidc_login_lock) to avoid storming the
            # shared IdP session (#484/#467).  When the deployment redirected us
            # off-origin instead there is no such button to click, so go straight
            # to the skip -- clicking a locator that resolves to nothing would
            # raise a Playwright error in place of an actionable skip.
            if sso_button_present and _silent_sso_signin(sso_button, homepage_logo,
                workbench_url):
                return  # Silent SSO succeeded
            # No usable IdP session (expired, or storage state was stripped for the
            # password-login test) — skip gracefully.  Recompute the IdP host: the
            # click above can navigate off-origin before timing out, so where we
            # ended up is only knowable now, not before the attempt.
            _skip_workbench_session_unproven(
                auth_mode=auth_mode,
                workbench_auth_error=workbench_auth_error,
                landed_url=page.url,
                idp_host=_external_idp_host(page.url, workbench_url),
            )

        if auth_provider != "password":
            _skip_workbench_session_unproven(
                auth_mode=auth_mode,
                workbench_auth_error=workbench_auth_error,
                landed_url=page.url,
                idp_host=_external_idp_host(page.url, workbench_url),
            )
        # Even when auth_provider is reported as "password", the deployment may
        # actually present an SSO/OIDC sign-in page (a "Sign in with ..." button
        # and no username field) — e.g. auth_provider defaulted to "password" on
        # a config-less run against an OIDC deployment.  The password login form
        # is unavailable there, so skip rather than fail the retry loop.
        if sso_only:
            where = (
                f"redirects sign-in to the identity provider at {idp_host}"
                if idp_host
                else "presents an SSO/OIDC sign-in page instead (no username/password
                    fields)"
            )
            pytest.skip(
                "This scenario requires a Workbench password-login form, but the "
                f"deployment {where}. Password login cannot be exercised on an SSO "
                "deployment, so this scenario is skipped."
            )
        # Password auth - proceed with form login below
```

```
        else:
            # Not on homepage, not on login page - unexpected state
            # Give it one more check in case page is still loading
            try:
                homepage_logo.wait_for(state="visible", timeout=TIMEOUT_QUICK)
                return
            except Exception:
                pass

        # Password authentication with retry logic
        login_form = page.locator(LoginPage.USERNAME)
        error_panel = page.locator(LoginPage.ERROR_PANEL)

        for attempt in range(max_retries):
            if attempt > 0:
                time.sleep(retry_delay)
                page.goto(workbench_url)

            # Fast path check on retry
            if homepage_logo.is_visible():
                return

            # Wait for login form to be ready
            try:
                login_form.wait_for(state="visible", timeout=TIMEOUT_QUICK)
            except Exception:
                continue

            # Fill and submit
            page.fill(LoginPage.USERNAME, username)
            page.fill(LoginPage.PASSWORD, password)

            stay_signed_in = page.locator(LoginPage.STAY_SIGNED_IN)
            if stay_signed_in.is_visible() and not stay_signed_in.is_checked():
                stay_signed_in.click()

            page.click(LoginPage.BUTTON)

            # Wait for either homepage (success) or error panel (failure)
            homepage_or_error = homepage_logo.or_(error_panel)
            try:
                homepage_or_error.wait_for(state="visible", timeout=TIMEOUT_PAGE_LOAD)
            except Exception:
                if attempt == max_retries - 1:
                    raise AssertionError(f"Login failed after {max_retries} attempts: no
                        response")
                continue

            # Check which one appeared
            if homepage_logo.is_visible():
                return  # Success!

            # Error appeared - extract message and maybe retry
            if attempt == max_retries - 1:
                error_text = page.locator(LoginPage.ERROR_TEXT).text_content()
>               raise AssertionError(f"Login failed: {error_text or 'Unknown error'}")
E               AssertionError: Login failed: Error: Temporary server error, please try again

src/vip_tests/workbench/conftest.py:1026: AssertionError
```

Likely causes:

- Incorrect test credentials in vip.toml or VIP_TEST_USERNAME/VIP_TEST_PASSWORD
- Auth provider misconfiguration (SAML, OIDC, LDAP, PAM)
- Workbench login page markup changed or is unreachable

Suggested next steps:

1. Verify credentials work by logging in manually at the Workbench URL
2. Check the auth provider configuration in rserver.conf / auth-pam or auth-saml settings
3. If using an external IdP, try `--interactive-auth` or `--headless-auth` instead of a password test

Documentation: https://docs.posit.co/ide/server-pro/authenticating_users/authenticating_users.html